(rev 6/2020)

NON-CAPITAL HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS IN APPELLATE COURT

TrueFiling is mandatory for habeas corpus filings by an attorney in Court of Appeal. Special exemptions include a self-represented party or an excuse granted by court order under rule 8.71(d).

As of March 2020, TrueFiling is mandatory for non-capital original writ proceedings in the California Supreme Court. (Supreme Court Rule Regarding Electronic Filing, rule 3(a)(2).)

See **ADI Criminal Appellate Practice Manu**al, § 8.84 et seq., for step-by-step guidance in preparing a petition for writ of habeas corpus in the Court of Appeal or California Supreme Court.

If the appellate court issues an order to show cause <u>returnable before the superior court</u>, do not use this chart for proceedings after the OSC. **Rule 4.550 et seq.**, rather than the rules cited in this chart, will apply.

Due dates	petition: deadline not specified by statute or rule; time must be reasonable
	informal response (if ordered by court): within 15 days of order, unless court specifies otherwise
	reply to informal response: within 15 days after informal response filed, unless court specifies otherwise
	return (if in appellate court): no more than 30 days after order to show cause issued, unless court orders otherwise
	traverse (if in appellate court): no more than 30 days after return filed, unless court orders otherwise
Rules 8.385(b), 8.386(b)(1), (d)(1)	
Format	all: must ensure against viruses, be text-searchable while maintaining original document formatting, and otherwise comply with rule 8.74
	petition: unless court orders otherwise: if filed by attorney, must be through TrueFiling in Court of Appeal and Supreme Court; if by pro per petitioner, must be on Judicial Council HC-001 form
	return, traverse, accompanying memorandum: if filed by attorney, same format as appellate brief
	pagination of electronic filing: number pages consecutively beginning with cover page of the petition to the final page, using only the Arabic numbering system, as in 1, 2, 3. Ensure that page numbers listed in the Table of Contents or Indices match both the pages within the document and the Adobe page counter. Supporting documents (exhibits) may be separate volume.
	bookmarks in electronic filing: each electronic document must include an electronic bookmark to each heading, subheading, and the first page of any component of the document, including tables, certificate of word count, proof of service, etc. Petitions that contain exhibits under the same cover should list and identify the exhibits in the Table of Contents and include a separate electronic bookmark for each exhibit.
Rules 8.71, 8.74, 8.204(a) & (b), 8.384(a)(1) & (2), (b)(3), 8.386(c)(1) & (2), (d)(2), 8.486(c)(1). See court website for additional rules http://www.courts.ca.gov/courts.htm	supporting documents (exhibits) with electronic filing: if separate volume, paginate consecutively from first page (cover if applicable) of exhibits, using only Arabic numerals. Ensure that page numbers listed in the Table of Contents or Indices match both the pages within the exhibits and the Adobe page counter. May exceed page limits set by rules, but may not exceed 25 megabytes.

Cover	required: cover required for petition filed by attorney, return, and traverse
Rules 8.40(b) & (c), 8.74(c)(1), 8.204(b)(10), 8.384(a)(1), 8.386(c)(1), (d)(2)	content: same as brief cover in appellate court
Contents and accompanying documents	information in petition: must contain information required by Judicial Council form MC-275, even if not filed on that form; must state sufficient facts to create prima facie case for relief (<i>People v. Romero</i> (1994) 8 Cal.4th 728)
	previous petitions: must be accompanied by copy of any other petition relating to the judgment (without exhibits) previously filed in any court, unless the petition was filed in the same Court of Appeal or in the Supreme Court and so states and identifies documents by name and number; must be accompanied by certified transcript of any previous evidentiary hearing
	return: see requirements set out in <i>People v. Duvall</i> (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464; any material allegation of petition not controverted by return is deemed admitted.
	traverse: any material allegation of return not denied in traverse is deemed admitted; traverse may reassert allegations of petition or ask petition be deemed a traverse (<i>People v. Duvall</i> (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464)
	sealed or confidential supporting documents: must comply with rules 8.45-8.47
Rules 8.384(a) & (b), 8.386(c) & (d), 8.486; Pen. Code, § 1474	citation to supporting documents: petition must support any reference to them by citation to page and comply with rule 8486(c)(1)
Length	petition itself: no limit specified by rule or statute (but see limit on accompanying memorandum, below)
	return, traverse, any memorandum accompanying petition: governed by rule 8.204(c) – no more than 14,000 words or 50 pages if typewritten.
	exclusions from word count: cover information, tables, signature block, certificate of word count, and any permitted attachments are excluded from the word count limit
Rules 8.204(c), 8.384(a)(2), 8.386(c)(1), (d)(2). Court website: see applicable district web page http://www.courts.ca.gov/courtsofappeal.htm	electronic filing: may not be larger than 25 megabytes; if larger, submit as multiple files, and comply with formatting requirements of SCRREF, rule 10(b)(2)
Service	petition : Pen. Code, § 1475 requires service on DA of county "wherein such person is held in custody or restraint"; those who reasonably may be affected or have an interest in petition – e.g., AG, DA in county of conviction, custodian of the petitioner, the superior court or Court of Appeal (unless filed there), trial and/or appellate counsel, ADI, etc. – as dictated by nature of filing and issues
	return: counsel for petitioner, district appellate project if petitioner represented by appointed counsel in Court of Appeal
Penal Code section 1475; rules 8.44, 8.380(c), 8.384(c), 8.386(b)(2), (d)(5)	traverse: same as petition